

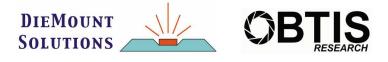
Polymer Optical Fiber (POF) based Sensors for the Measurement of Elongation via Single Fiber

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1. Motivation Fiber Optic Sensors

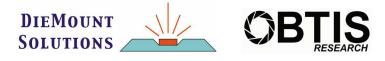
2. Technical Requirements for:

- Optical Transceivers and Signal Evaluation unit
- POF Splitters
- Optical Sensor Head

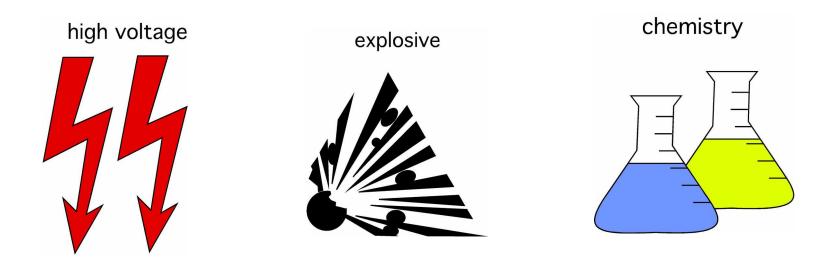
3. Results and System Operation

- System installation
- Elongation vibration of oscillating rod
- Oscillation of a vacuum pump

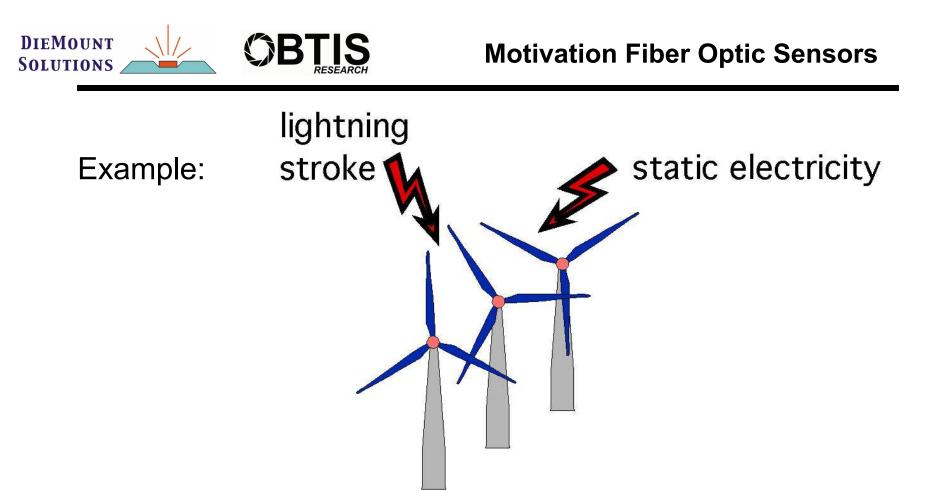
4. Further Applications and Conclusion



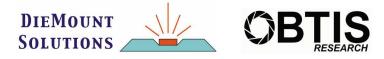
Measurement challenges in harsh environment include:



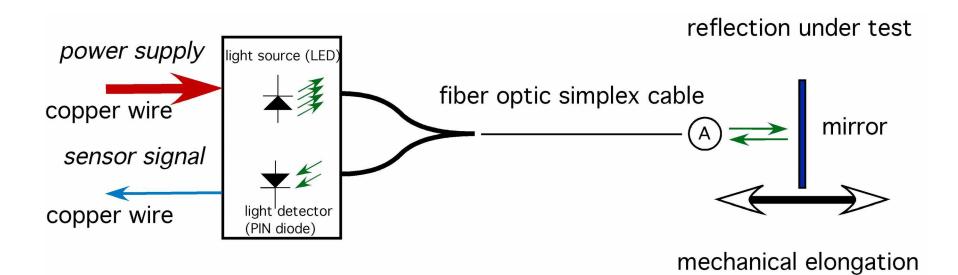
Sensors heads and sensor data lines without metal parts or electrical current carrying parts are needed.

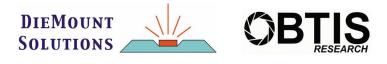


Consequence: Metal parts in the wings must be avoided.Approach:POF based fiber optic sensor system with
"non metal" sensor head



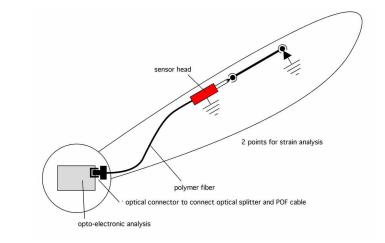
To avoid the high mechanic and electronic complexity of optical phase interrogation systems a POF based sensor system for fiber reflection measurement is investigated:

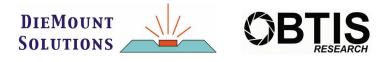




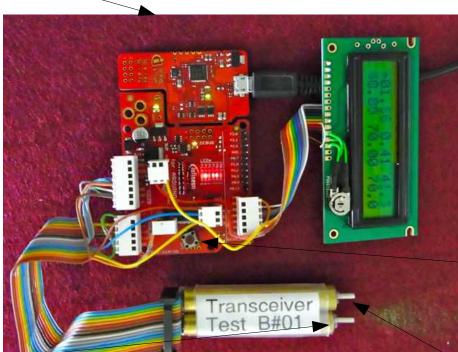
System requirements:

- stray light suppression
- high dynamic range of 60dB, to achieve fiber cable length of 200m,
- data acquisition to resolve 100Hz vibrations,
- zero calibration to avoid long term system aging,
- monitoring of transmit optical power





microcontroller generates LED on/off modulation at multiple kHz



520nm LED transmitter (+5dBm) including monitor diode zero calibration

receiver unit with variable gain (controlled by microcontroller)

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1x2 POF splitter design is crucial for satisfactory system operation. Splitter types:

IS



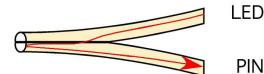
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SOLUTIONS

splitter with common waveguide

-> crosstalk via endface reflection 15-20dB

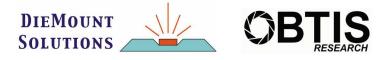
 Not suitable for simplex sensor systems



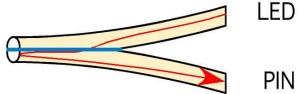
splitter with 2 separate unshielded waveguides

-> crosstalk 20-25dB

 Suitable only for low precision simplex sensor systems



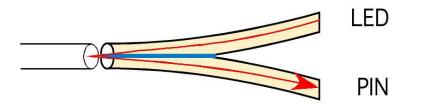
Low crosstalk



PIN splitter for simplex sensor systems

splitter with 2 separate shielded waveguides

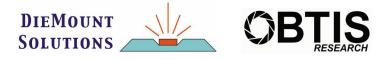
-> crosstalk 40-60dB

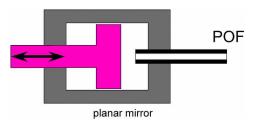


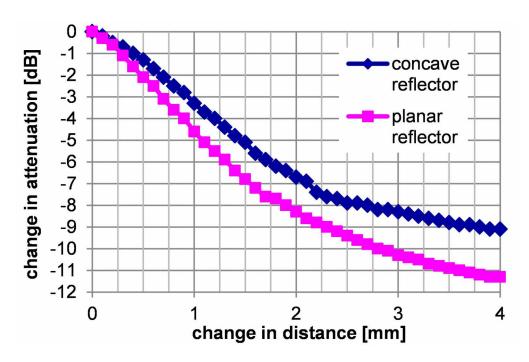
crosstalk via endface reflection

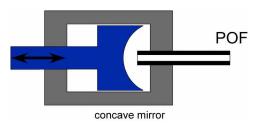
depends on surface and connector quality

Quality endfaces
and connectors
needed for simplex
sensor systems



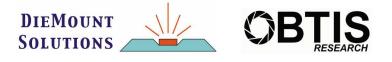






Sensor head

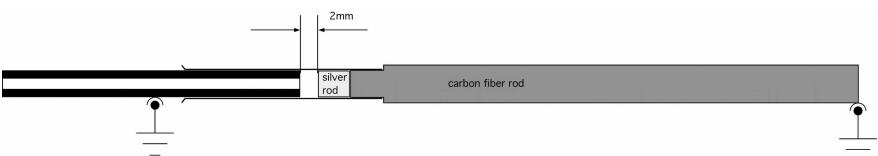
- Curved mirror designs can resolve about 4mm elongation distance.
- Concave mirrors show stronger reflectivity.
- Planar mirrors are easy to realize.



• Fix mirror rod to target.

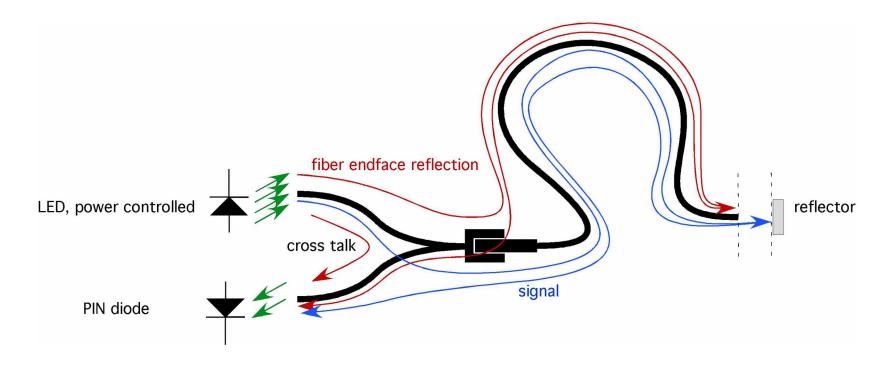


• Introduce POF to mirror ferrule up to stop, retract it about 2mm and fix it to target.

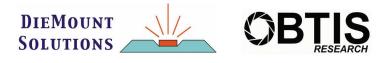


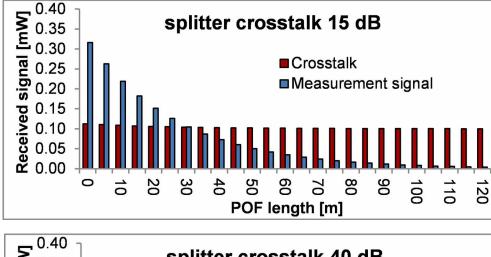
- Zero calibrate the electronic evaluation unit.
- Start measurement.

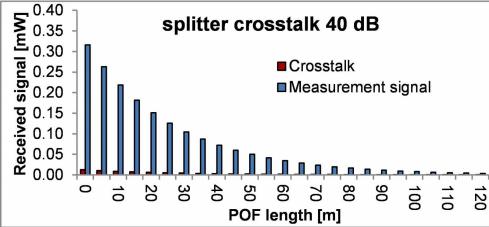




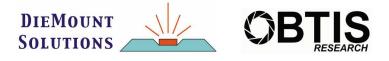
The desired signal (blue light path) is covered by splitter crosstalk and far endface reflection (red light paths).





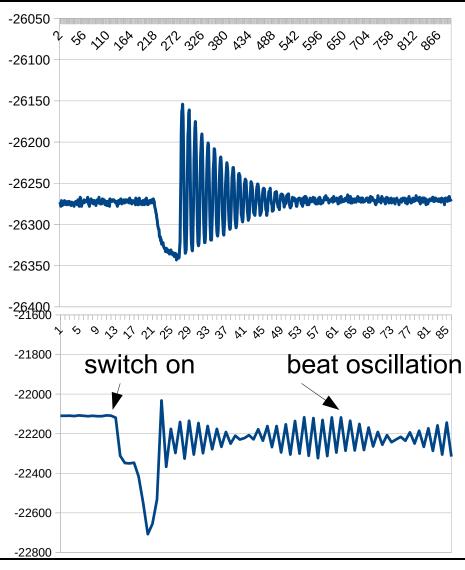


- High crosstalk splitter limit fiber cable distance to a few m.
- Low crosstalk splitter (40dB crosstalk attenuation) allow measurement distances of >70m.

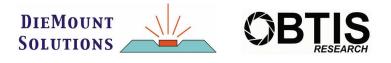


 Oscillating rod, 70m POF, 520nm

 Vacuum pump vibration, 30m POF, 520nm



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• POF simplex systems

- elongation sensors
- acceleration sensors
- fiber optic switches
- length and rotation encoder sensors
- distance sensors (in combination with suitable optics)

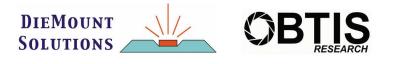
POF duplex systems

- POF cable quality control
- fiber optic light barriers

• POF simplex multi wavelength (WDM) systems

- fiber optic color measurement for
 - print products
 - ph value of chemicals
 - temperature
 - ...





- The reported POF based elongation sensor allows to solve a great number of various measurement challenges.
- It is low cost in fabrication and system installation.
- Its key element is the 1x2 POF splitter.
- Splitter crosstalk defines the quality of the measurement system.